

TIKIPUNGA PRIMARY SCHOOL

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:

1113

Principal:

Cherise Backhouse-Wilson

School Address:

Tania Place, Tikipunga

School Postal Address:

11 Tania Place, Tikipunga, Whangarei, 0112

School Phone:

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School Email:

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Accountant / Service Provider:

Education Services.

Dedicated to your school



TIKIPUNGA PRIMARY SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Tikipunga Primary School Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Christina Kupa-Wichman	CHERISE WILSON
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
OKOchuan.	Leut
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
14 08 2023	14/08/2013
Date:	Date:



Tikipunga Primary School **Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	2,896,396	2,256,771	2,545,376
Locally Raised Funds	3	7,230	700	30,670
Interest Income		20,048	2,000	4,567
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		167	-	71
	_	2,923,841	2,259,471	2,580,684
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	1,319	500	1,293
Learning Resources	4	1,557,224	1,420,437	1,452,044
Administration	5	471,561	234,630	337,054
Finance		2,304	3,000	2,270
Property	6	451,539	622,348	416,661
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	10	225	-	-
	_	2,484,172	2,280,915	2,209,322
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		439,669	(21,444)	371,362
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	_	439,669	(21,444)	371,362

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Tikipunga Primary School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	- -	2,276,463	1,891,440	1,905,101
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		439,669	(21,444)	371,362
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant MoE Assets		1,875 11,622	- -	-
Equity at 31 December	- -	2,729,629	1,869,996	2,276,463
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		2,729,629	1,869,996	2,276,463
Equity at 31 December	-	2,729,629	1,869,996	2,276,463

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Tikipunga Primary School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021	
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$	
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	1,562,583	324,066	1,916,972	
Accounts Receivable	8	158,303	124,906	150,372	
GST Receivable		11,289	7,167	19,352	
Prepayments		7,649	11,383	7,532	
Investments	9	805,444	683,729	-	
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	14	-	-	2,307	
	-	2,545,268	1,151,251	2,096,535	
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	11	137,001	116,285	130,342	
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	38,847	17,681	51,789	
Finance Lease Liability	13	9,355	9,140	7,852	
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	14	34,950	-	1,794	
	-	220,153	143,106	191,777	
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		2,325,115	1,008,145	1,904,758	
Non-current Assets					
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	480,350	906,655	392,743	
Work in Progress		-	-	14,715	
	-	480,350	906,655	407,458	
Non-current Liabilities					
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	12	50,192	25,284	19,234	
Finance Lease Liability	13	25,644	19,520	16,519	
	-	75,836	44,804	35,753	
Net Assets	-	2,729,629	1,869,996	2,276,463	
	=		.,,	-,	
Equity		2,729,629	1,869,996	2,276,463	

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Tikipunga Primary School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		888,284	742,318	797,992
Locally Raised Funds		8,380	700	29,520
Goods and Services Tax (net)		8,063	=	(12,185)
Payments to Employees		(181,132)	(200,000)	(153,230)
Payments to Suppliers		(214,323)	(845,778)	(210,775)
Interest Paid		(2,304)	(3,000)	(2,270)
Interest Received		16,443	2,000	4,664
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	523,411	(303,760)	453,716
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		600	-	-
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(115,410)	(272,000)	(29,515)
Purchase of Investments		(805,445)	=	-
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	-	683,729
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	-	(920,255)	(272,000)	654,214
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		1,875	-	-
Owners Contributions		11,622	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(6,505)	(8,826)	(6,173)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		35,463	-	(93,437)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	42,455	(8,826)	(99,610)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	(354,389)	(584,586)	1,008,320
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	1,916,972	908,652	908,652
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	1,562,583	324,066	1,916,972

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.





Tikipunga Primary School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Tikipunga Primary School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 12.





Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 13. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 19b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.





Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements
40 years
Buildings
40 years
Furniture and Equipment
5-18 years
Information and Communication Technology
Library Resources
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease
Term of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.





n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.





s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.





2. (G٥	vern	ment	Grants
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2. Government Grants	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	1,164,091	717,318	977,385
Teachers' Salaries Grants	1,378,198	1,140,392	1,266,515
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	354,107	399,061	301,476
	2,896,396	2,256,771	2,545,376

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$44,850.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
_	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	3,750	200	2,664
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	2,977	500	3,006
Fundraising & Community Grants	503	-	25,000
	7,230	700	30,670
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	1,319	500	1,293
	1,319	500	1,293
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	5,911	200	29,377

4. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Curricular	54,907	129,650	50,679
Equipment Repairs	1,674	4,000	543
Information and Communication Technology	1,180	2,000	2,090
Library Resources	1,055	1,400	1,055
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,413,757	1,195,392	1,309,113
Staff Development	6,798	21,500	11,511
Depreciation	77,853	66,495	77,053
	1,557,224	1,420,437	1,452,044





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	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	4,900	4,620	4,800
Board Fees	3,940	5,000	3,130
Board Expenses	8,946	22,250	10,492
Communication	3,712	22,500	2,313
Consumables	3,841	8,500	4,162
Operating Lease	2,760	2,760	2,763
Other	9,339	30,000	9,921
Employee Benefits - Salaries	114,401	120,000	102,677
Insurance	4,530	5,500	4,284
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	12,975	13,500	12,387
Healthy School Lunch Programme	302,217	-	180,125
	471,561	234,630	337,054

6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	7,369	9,850	5,925
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	18,016	25,437	22,575
Grounds	6,778	97,000	17,812
Heat, Light and Water	18,692	20,000	19,946
Rates	6,651	7,000	5,847
Repairs and Maintenance	8,908	17,000	10,317
Use of Land and Buildings	354,107	399,061	301,476
Security	4,443	7,000	6,331
Consultancy And Contract Services	26,575	40,000	26,432
	451,539	622,348	416,661

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022 2022 Budget		2021	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual	
	\$	\$	\$	
Bank Accounts	1,462,583	110,435	1,016,874	
Short-term Bank Deposits	100,000	213,631	900,098	
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,562,583	324,066	1,916,972	

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$1,562,583 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$34,950 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided by the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.



8.	Acco	ınfs	Recei	ivable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	-	-	1,150
Banking Staffing Underuse	39,695	32,763	43,425
Interest Receivable	4,530	1,022	925
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	114,078	91,121	104,872
	158,303	124,906	150,372
			_ _
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	4,530	1,022	2,075
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	153,773	123,884	148,297
	158,303	124,906	150,372
9. Investments			
The School's investment activities are classified as follows:			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	805,444	683,729	-
Total Investments	805,444	683,729	
1 otal in outlients		000,720	





10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	137,049	57,381	-	-	(7,672)	186,758
Furniture and Equipment	161,963	52,671	(225)	-	(26,588)	187,821
Information and Communication Technology	77,419	36,967	(433)	-	(34,618)	79,335
Leased Assets	16,034	19,099	_	-	(8,925)	26,208
Library Resources	278	-	-		(50)	228
Balance at 31 December 2022	392,743	166,118	(658)	-	(77,853)	480,350

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$26,208 (2021: \$16,034) Restrictions

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	236,473	(49,715)	186,758	179,093	(42,044)	137,049
Furniture and Equipment	505,143	(317,322)	187,821	500,263	(338,300)	161,963
Information and Communication Technology	422,534	(343,199)	79,335	392,053	(314,634)	77,419
Leased Assets	38,621	(12,413)	26,208	39,766	(23,732)	16,034
Library Resources	115,936	(115,708)	228	115,936	(115,658)	278
Balance at 31 December	1,318,707	(838,357)	480,350	1,227,111	(834,368)	392,743





1	1		Α	С	С	o	u	n	ts	Р	a	va	b	le
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ri. Accounts rayable	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Creditors	14,590	19,004	19,159
Accruals	4,900	4,620	4,800
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	114,078	91,121	104,872
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	3,433	1,540	1,511
	137,001	116,285	130,342
Payables for Exchange Transactions	137,001	116,285	130,342
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	137,001	116,285	130,342
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.	*		
12. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	71,023	17,528	48,448
Increase to the Provision During the Year	24,294	25,437	25,079
Other Adjustments	(6,278)	-	(2,504)
Provision at the End of the Year	89,039	42,965	71,023
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	38,847	17,681	51,789
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	50,192	25,284	19,234
	89,039	42,965	71,023

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2023. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.





13. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	12,048	9,140	9,608
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	29,301	19,520	18,235
Future Finance Charges	(6,350)	-	(3,472)
	34,999	28,660	24,371
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	9,355	9,140	7,852
Finance lease liability - Non current	25,644	19,520	16,519
	34,999	28,660	24,371

14. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

2022	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Re-roof & Classroom Refurbishment	213550	1,794	(1,794)	-	-	-
Switchboard Upgrade & Replace LED Lights	227666	(401)	401	-	=	-
Block 2 - LSC Office Alterations	220063	(1,906)	2,497	(591)	-	-
SIP,AMS Multi Purpose Space, Block Refurb	222459	-	44,882	(9,932)	-	34,950
Totals		(513)	45,986	(10,523)	-	34,950

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

34,950

2021	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Re-roof & Classroom Refurbishment	213550	(26,824)	68,569	(39,951)	_	1,794
Upgrade of Pool Area Income	completed	30,100	9,518	(39,618)	-	-
Site Remedial Drainage Income	completed	45,000	(27,274)	(17,726)	-	-
Switchboard Upgrade & Replace LED Lights	227666	41,400	325	(42,126)	-	(401)
Block 2 - LSC Office Alterations	220063	-	75,880	(77,786)	-	(1,906)
Totals		89,676	127,018	(217,207)		(513)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

1,794 (2,307)





15. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

16. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	3,940	3,130
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	551,212	558,153
Full-time equivalent members	5.00	5.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	555,152	561,283

There are 5 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (5 members) and Property (5 members) that met 11 and 11 times respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	130 - 140	150 - 160
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	_

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	1.00	1.00
110 - 120	1.00	-
	2.00	1.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.





17. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$4,000	-
Number of People	1	_

18. Contingencies

T

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets (except as noted below) as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

In 2022 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The school is still yet to receive a final wash up that adjusts the estimated quarterly instalments for the actual teacher aides employed in 2022.

The Ministry is in the Process of determining the amount of the final wash up payment for the year ended 31 December 2022. Even though the payment is probable, the amount to be received is not known with a high level of certainty. The school has therefore not recognised the expected receipt (asset) and income in its financial statements. The payment is expected to be received in July 2023.

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.

19. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into contract agreements for capital works as follows:

\$395,000 contract for the SIP,AMS Multi Purpose Space, Block Refurb as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$44,882 has been received of which \$9,932 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.

(Capital commitments as at 31 December 2021:

\$549,715 contract for the Re-roof & Classroom Refurbishment as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$609,515 has been received of which \$607,721 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

\$46,000 contract for the Switchboard Upgrade & Replace LED Lights as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$41,725 has been received of which \$42,126 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and

contract for the Block 2 - LSC Office Alterations as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$75,880 has been received of which \$77,786 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.)

AUDIT



(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of photocopiers;

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
No later than One Year Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	2,725 10,672	2,763 7,139
Later than Five Years	` <u>-</u>	, _
	13,397	9,902

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$2,760 (2021: \$2,763).

20. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Timanolar about incasared at amortised bost	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,562,583	324,066	1,916,972
Receivables	158,303	124,906	150,372
Investments - Term Deposits	805,444	683,729	-
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	2,526,330	1,132,701	2,067,344
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	137,001	116,285	130,342
Finance Leases	34,999	28,660	24,371
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	172,000	144,945	154,713

21. Events After Balance Date

During February 2023 the North Island of New Zealand was struck by several extreme weather events which resulted in widespread flooding, road closures, slips, and prolonged power and water outages for many communities in the Northland, Auckland, Coromandel, Bay of Plenty, Gisborne, and Hawkes Bay/Tairāwhiti regions.

While many schools were able to reopen soon after the extreme weather events, some schools have remained closed for a prolonged period.

The damage caused by extreme weather events in the Northland region and the full financial impact has not yet been determined, but it is not expected to be significant to the school. The school continued to receive funding from the Ministry of Education, even while closed.

22. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.





Tikipunga Primary School

Members of the Board

		How Position	Term Expired/
Name	Position	Gained	Expires
Molly Rapana	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2022
Christina Fay Kupa-Wichman	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Cherise Wilson	Principal	ex Officio	•
Daina Carter	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Cherysse Tane	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Philippa Rapana	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Rebecca (Bex) Erickson	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025



Tikipunga Primary School

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2022, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$4,378 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

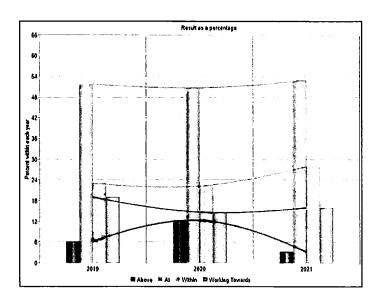
For the year ended 31st December 2022 the Tikipunga Primary School Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

Numeracy

		TOWN	WITHIN	WITHIN	ΔΙ	/s:	2.100	5/4
	4,4%	Un	Mid	End	Mid		0.46	
Y0		0%	0%	4%	100%			
Y1		17%	24%	30%	- + 1×15' 1×17'()			
Y2	and the second	11%	26%	60%	7.1%			
Y3	;	162%	26%	35%	51776			
Y4		2026	21%	25%	/ 1,G%,			
Y5		19%	33%	26%	\$ 6 G			
Y6			22%	19%	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Total		16%	24.4%	28.1%	0.03%			



2021 Target: 75%

2021 Attainment: 55.9% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: -0.8%

Variance: -19.1%

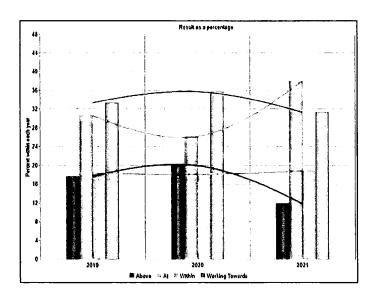
EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: We can see when looking at the data that there is a drop in the percentage of students achieving at or above in 2021 when compared with the previous year. When planning programmes moving forward we need to consider all factors that may have attributed to that decrease.

2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 75% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in Numeracy.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021 Reading

	the property	$\mathbb{A}_{q}^{p,q} \mathcal{N}(\chi \mathcal{N}_{p})$	WITHIN	WITHIN	17.	<i>j</i> .\	\:}c)\\}	ABOVI
	• , •		Mid	End	Mid		Na d	lad
YO	1.08		17%	8%	1. (1.)			
Y1	1.5		36%	38%	7.11%			
Y2	1 1 1		13%	11%				19%
Y3	4711		2%	10%	13.30			
Y4			19%	12%	4 - 3 - 62 242			
Y5	100		33%	26%	1.77			
Y6	C 12		16%	19%				
Total			20%	18.8%	No. 1			



2021 Target: 60% at or above their curriculum level

2021 Attainment: 49.7%

Improvement on Midyear: + 0.6%

Variance: -10.3%

EOY 2020 - EOY 2021: There is very little difference in attainment between 2020 and 2021. Structured

Literacy could be an approach used to address the level of Reading attainment for 2022.

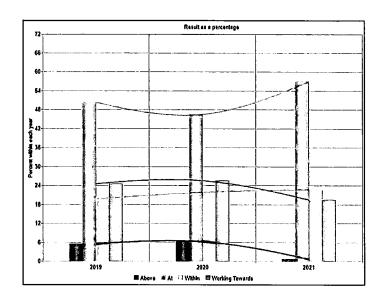
2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 60% of all students achieving at or above the curriculum level in Reading.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

Writing

	TO MAPAGE	Market Service	WITHIN	WITHIN	AL	7/1	Alberta.	$\wedge (3e) \forall \{$
	(x 5 p 1)		Mid	End	MIM	find		1.401
YO	V 100 kg		0%	4%	100%	145%)	1 ()%	
<u>Y1</u>	11 111.		6%	26%	10.5		4%	
Y2	Carrie		65%	54%	M _A	97%		
Y3	14 × 2 ×		17%	20%	1.7%	41.13%	0%	
Y4	18.35		21%	14%	1117		4%	
Y5	200		38%	31%	114)	1.17%		
Y6	100		18%	19%	. 1			
Total	(1, , 1,)		24%	23%	1 7 1819			



2021 Target: 70%

2021 Attainment: 57.5% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: 2.2%

Variance: -12.5%

EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: There is a slight increase in those achieving at or above when comparing end of 2020 to end of 2021. Structured Literacy may also help to address the learning needs in the area of Writing.

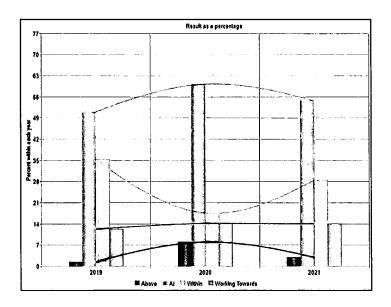
2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 70% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in writing.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

Strand

	1.00 % [7]	List to 175 or to post of the		WITHIN	Δı	5.1	The Property	6000 NO
	1,1		Mid	End	Mid			5 (10)
Y0	,		0%	0%	100%.			
Y1	7		12%	28%	74%			
Y2			31%	60%	24%			
Y3	./		20%	25%	74%			
Y4			22%	28%	1.19%			
Y5			38%	33%	1.4.1%.			
Y6			42%	21%	50%			
Total			26.2%	28.7%	56,15.			



2021 Target: 75%

2021 Attainment: 57.4% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: -3.1%

Variance: -17.6%

EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: There was a decrease in attainment levels when comparing end of year data. This decrease can be attributed to a number of factors but what is clear is there needs to be some reflection on current learning needs.

2022 Target:

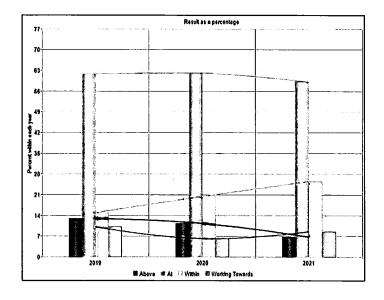
By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 75% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in Strand.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

Tikipunga Primary School

Oral Language

	A STATE OF THE STA	WITHIN	WITHIN	7.4	ΔΙ	A.*OV)	ARCIM
	170	Mid	End	1256	Find	Che	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Y0		17%	8%	111			(C)%
Y1		30%	32%	ALT C			11/4
Y2		19%	54%	14.7	1.7%		1.20%
Y3		40%	27%	5701		$O^{\alpha_{i}}$	100,
Y4		23%	23%				1.4%,
Y5		39%	21%	1.1			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Y6		14%	13%				74th
Total		27.5%	25.8%	100	11.19%	$(y_i,y_i)_{i \in I_i}$	6 Po



2021 Target: 85%

2021 Attainment: 65.6% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: -0.3%

Variance: -19.4%

EOY 2020 - EOY 2021: There has been a decrease in the attainment levels from 2020.

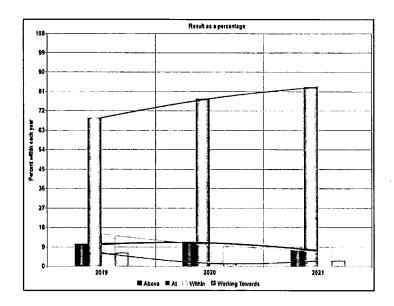
2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 80% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in Oral Language.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

PE/Health

	18 777 1113	Professional	WITHIN	WITHIN	//	<i>?</i> ∖}	1000	frater.
	50.21		Mid	End	Mid	1:101		400
Υ0			0%	4%	1.00%			Gr.
Y1			0%	0%	96%			* * * *
Y2			0%	0%	94%			1.1.7
Y3	£		0%	6%	00%			κ_{-k_2}
Y4			4%	21%	96%			7.5
Y5			13%	10%	G17%			10 m 10 m
Y6			10%	4%	76%			
Total	60 ₀		4.4%	7%	(1011)2			$\frac{4}{T} = \frac{4}{T} \cdot 24$



2021 Target: 90% at or above their curriculum level

2021 Attainment: 90.4%

Improvement on Midyear: -3.8%

Variance: + 0.4%

EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: The trajectory of those students achieving at their curriculum level continues to increase nicely. There is a drop in those achieving above this could be investigated by looking at enrichment and extension programmes.

2022 Target:

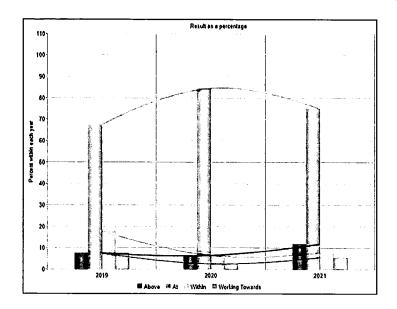
By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 90% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in PE/ Health

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

Tikipunga Primary School

Te Ao Māori Participation

	MARL	$1 \cdot MA^{3} x^{1/2} (1) \times$	WITHIN	WITHIN		Α.	to sample	ABOVi
	ं/मर्		Mid	End	total s	tod	5463	lad
YO			0%	0%	1600	1)10%		0%
Y1	1.0		0%	0%	(11.)			19%
Y2	*.		3%	0%	117			10%
Y3			0%	12%	1) 11			10%
Y4	147		8%	19%	4			
Y5	1		3%	7%	47.			† 40%
Y6	e.		8%	8%	, 1			
Total	1.1%		3.6%	7.7%	70), 25			11,2%



2021 Target: 90 - 100%

2021 Attainment: 86.9% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: +3%

Variance: -3.1%

EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: There appears to be a decrease in the participation levels in the area of Te Ao Maori. This could be due to a number of reasons including but not limited to the increasing number of other religions being followed by the student body.

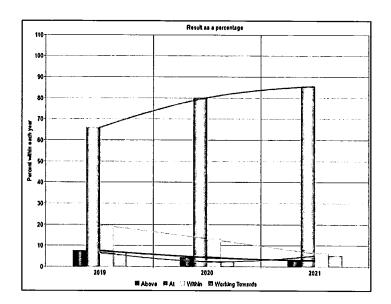
2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 90% - 100% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in Te Ao Māori.

AoV (Analysis of Variance) Comparative Data 2021

The Arts

	the Part of	C. 200806	WITHIN	WITHIN	1	Δ1	ABOM	
	Sylver		Mid	End	· V ^e - j	tink	Mid	
Y0	+ 1		0%	4%	in Tripins	96%	$(f)^{*}_{A}$	
Y1	at the second		6%	0%	135	9626		
Y2			6%	0%	11/2	117%		
Y3			0%	0%	11: W	06%		
Y4	100		17%	16%	177.			
Y5			20%	12%	N I	4497		
Y6	;		16%	10%	112			
Total	1		10.9%	6.4%	11 1 H			



2021 Target: 90%

2021 Attainment: 88.6% at or above their curriculum level

Improvement on Midyear: +1.6%

Variance: -1.4%

EOY 2020 – EOY 2021: Again the trajectory of students achieving at their expected level is moving in the right direction. There is a slight decrease in those achieving above. Again we could look at possible extension and enrichment programmes here.

2022 Target:

By the end of 2022 Tikipunga Primary school are committed to having 90% of all students achieving at or above their curriculum level in the Arts.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE READERS OF TIKIPUNGA PRIMARY SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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The Auditor-General is the auditor of Tikipunga Primary School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Steve Bennett, using the staff and resources of Bennett & Associates, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 14 August 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.







In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

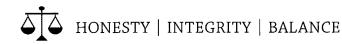
Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.







- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Analysis of Variance, the Kiwisport Statement, the List of Trustees and Statement of Responsibility but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Steve Bennett]

BENNETT & ASSOCIATES

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Whangarei, New Zealand



